

General Assembly

February Session, 2024

Raised Bill No. 5390

LCO No. **64**

Referred to Committee on PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

Introduced by: (PD)

AN ACT CONCERNING TRANSIT-ORIENTED COMMUNITIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Subsection (b) of section 8-1a of the general statutes is
 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October* 1, 2024):

4 (b) As used in this chapter <u>and section 2 of this act</u>:

5 (1) "Accessory apartment" means a separate dwelling unit that (A) is 6 located on the same lot as a principal dwelling unit of greater square 7 footage, (B) has cooking facilities, and (C) complies with or is otherwise 8 exempt from any applicable building code, fire code and health and 9 safety regulations;

10 (2) "Affordable accessory apartment" means an accessory apartment 11 that is subject to binding recorded deeds which contain covenants or 12 restrictions that require such accessory apartment be sold or rented at, 13 or below, prices that will preserve the unit as housing for which, for a 14 period of not less than ten years, persons and families pay thirty per cent 15 or less of income, where such income is less than or equal to eighty per 16 cent of the median income;

(3) "As of right" means able to be approved in accordance with the
terms of a zoning regulation or regulations and without requiring that
a public hearing be held, a variance, special permit or special exception
be granted or some other discretionary zoning action be taken, other
than a determination that a site plan is in conformance with applicable
zoning regulations;

(4) "Cottage cluster" means a grouping of at least four detached
housing units, or live work units, per acre that are located around a
common open area;

26 (5) "Live work unit" means a building or a space within a building
 27 used for both commercial and residential purposes by an individual
 28 residing within such building or space;

[(5)] (6) "Middle housing" means duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes,
 cottage clusters and townhouses;

31 [(6)] (7) "Mixed-use development" means a development containing
32 both residential and nonresidential uses in any single building; and

[(7)] (8) "Townhouse" means a residential building constructed in a
grouping of three or more attached units, each of which shares at least
one common wall with an adjacent unit and has exterior walls on at least
two sides.

Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2024*) (a) As used in this section and
sections 3 and 4 of this act:

(1) "Coordinator" means the Responsible Growth Coordinator withinthe Office of Policy and Management;

(2) "Discretionary infrastructure funding" means any grant, loan or
other financial assistance program administered by the state under the
provisions of section 4-66c, section 4-66h, sections 8-13m to 8-13x,
inclusive, subsection (g) of section 32-763 or section 32-765 of the general

statutes, or any grant, loan, or financial assistance program managed by
the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management for the purpose of
transit-oriented development, as defined in section 13b-790 of the
general statutes;

(3) "Downtown area" means a central business district or other
commercial neighborhood area of a municipality that serves as a center
of socioeconomic interaction in the municipality, characterized by a
cohesive core of commercial and mixed-use buildings, often
interspersed with civic, religious and residential buildings and public
spaces, that are typically arranged along a main street and intersecting
side streets and served by public infrastructure;

(4) "Middle housing development" means a residential building
containing not fewer than two dwelling units but not greater than nine
such units, including, but not limited to, townhomes, duplexes,
triplexes, perfect sixes and cottage clusters;

(5) "Perfect six" means a three-story residential building with a central
entrance containing two dwelling units per story;

(6) "Qualifying bus transit community" means any municipality that 62 63 has not less than one regular bus service station operating not less than 64 five days a week within a transit-oriented district adopted by such 65 municipality, provided such transit-oriented district is of reasonable 66 size, as determined by the coordinator in accordance with the provisions 67 of subsection (e) of this section, and (A) includes land of such 68 municipality located within a one-half-mile radius of any such station, 69 or (B) is located within a reasonable distance, as determined by the 70 coordinator, of any other transit service, a commercial corridor or a 71 downtown area of such municipality;

(7) "Qualifying rapid transit community" means any municipality
that has not less than one rapid transit station or a planned rapid transit
station, contained within a transit-oriented district adopted by such
municipality, provided such transit-oriented district is of reasonable
size, as determined by the coordinator in accordance with subsection (e)

of this section, and (A) includes land of such municipality located within a one-half-mile radius of any such station, or (B) is located within a reasonable distance, as determined by the coordinator, of any other transit service, a commercial corridor or the downtown area of such municipality;

82 (8) "Qualifying transit-oriented community" means any municipality
83 that is a qualifying rapid transit community or qualifying bus transit
84 community;

(9) "Rapid transit station" means any public transportation stationserving rail or rapid bus routes;

87 (10) "Regular bus service station" means any fixed location where a
88 bus will regularly stop for the loading or unloading of passengers along
89 a defined route operating on a fixed schedule;

90 (11) "Transit-oriented district" means a collection of parcels of land in
91 a municipality designated by such municipality and subject to zoning
92 criteria designed to encourage increased density of development,
93 including mixed-use development and concentration of discretionary
94 infrastructure funding; and

(12) "Zoning commission" means any zoning commission, any
planning commission in a municipality that has adopted a planning
commission but not a zoning commission, or combined planning and
zoning commission.

99 (b) Any qualifying transit-oriented community shall be eligible for 100 discretionary infrastructure funding. To receive such funding, any such 101 community, or any municipality that is not a qualifying transit-oriented 102 community but has adopted a resolution pursuant to subsection (c) of 103 this section, shall submit an application for such funding to the 104 coordinator in a form developed by the coordinator. The coordinator 105 shall make recommendations to the state agency responsible for 106 administering such funding and such agency may prioritize any 107 qualifying transit-oriented community for the receipt of such funding

108 over any municipality that is not a qualifying transit-oriented
109 community or has not adopted a resolution pursuant to subsection (c)
110 of this section.

111 (c) Any municipality that is not a qualifying transit-oriented 112 community shall be eligible for discretionary infrastructure funding 113 pursuant to this section if the municipality, acting through the zoning 114 commission of such municipality, adopts a resolution stating that such 115 commission intends to enact zoning regulations that enable such 116 municipality to become a qualifying transit-oriented community. Such 117 commission shall enact such zoning regulations not later than eighteen 118 months after the adoption of such resolution. If such commission does 119 not enact such regulations within eighteen months after the adoption of 120 such resolution, unless the coordinator grants an extension to such 121 commission at the coordinator's discretion, such municipality shall 122 return any discretionary infrastructure funding received and shall not 123 be eligible for discretionary infrastructure funding until the zoning 124 commission of such municipality enacts zoning regulations that enable 125 the municipality to become a qualifying transit-oriented community.

126 (d) The zoning commission of the municipality shall consult with the 127 inland wetlands agency of the municipality to establish the boundaries 128 of any transit-oriented district within the municipality. If any portion of 129 any such proposed district is located in an area over which such agency 130 exercises its authority, such commission shall collaborate with such 131 agency to determine whether any portion of such proposed district shall 132 allow for the as-of-right development of middle housing and mixed-use 133 developments.

(e) In determining whether a transit-oriented district is of reasonable
size, the coordinator, in consultation with the zoning commission, shall
(1) determine whether the area of such district is adequate to support
greater density of development in an equitable manner, as determined
by the coordinator, considering the geographic characteristics of the
municipality; (2) consider municipal and regional housing needs; and
(3) not require the inclusion of the following lands in any such district:

141 (A) Special flood hazard areas designated on a flood insurance rate map 142 published by the National Flood Insurance Program, (B) wetlands, as 143 defined in section 22a-29 of the general statutes, (C) land designated for 144 use as a public park, (D) land subject to conservation or preservation 145 restrictions, as defined in section 47-42a of the general statutes, (E) 146 coastal resources, as defined in section 22a-93 of the general statutes, (F) 147 areas necessary for the protection of drinking water supplies, and (G) 148 areas designated as likely to be inundated during a thirty-year flood 149 event by the Marine Sciences Division of The University of Connecticut 150 pursuant to the division's responsibilities to conduct sea level change 151 scenarios pursuant to subsection (b) of section 25-680 of the general 152 statutes. If deemed necessary by the zoning commission to determine 153 whether a transit-oriented district is of reasonable size, such 154 commission shall consult with the inland wetlands agency of the 155 municipality and any other municipal agency deemed necessary by 156 such commission.

157 (f) Any qualifying transit-oriented community shall allow the following developments as of right: (1) Middle housing developments, 158 159 if such development contains nine or fewer dwelling units; (2) 160 developments that contain ten or more dwelling units where not less 161 than thirty per cent of such units qualify as a set-aside development 162 pursuant to section 8-30g of the general statutes; and (3) developments 163 on land owned by (A) the municipality in which such land is located, 164 (B) the state, (C) any public housing authority, (D) any not-for-profit 165 entity, and (E) any religious organization, as defined in section 49-31k 166 of the general statutes, if such development is composed entirely of 167 units that qualify as a set-aside development pursuant to section 8-30g 168 of the general statutes and not less than fifty per cent of such units shall 169 be sold or rented at, or below, prices which will preserve the units as 170 housing for which persons and families pay thirty per cent or less of 171 their annual income, where such income is less than or equal to sixty per 172 cent of the area median income established by the United States 173 Department of Housing and Urban Development. Notwithstanding the 174provisions of this subsection, if a proposed development is required to

have a public hearing in the inland wetlands agency of the municipality,
such proposed development must receive such public hearing prior to
such development's approval.

178 (g) Each qualifying transit-oriented community shall require that any 179 proposed development that contains ten or more dwelling units that are 180 not allowed as of right under subsection (f) of this section be subject to 181 (1) a deed restriction that requires, for not less than forty years after the 182 initial occupation of the proposed development, that a percentage of 183 dwelling units, as set forth in subsection (h) of this section, shall be sold 184 or rented at, or below, prices which will preserve the units as housing 185 for which persons and families that pay thirty per cent or less of their 186 annual income and where such income is less than or equal to eighty 187 per cent of the area median income established by the United States 188 Department of Housing and Urban Development; or (2) a contribution 189 agreement pursuant to subsection (i) of this section.

(h) The percentage of deed-restricted dwelling units required
pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (g) of this section shall be
determined based upon sales market typologies as described in the most
recent Connecticut Housing Finance Authority Housing Needs
Assessment:

195 (1) Fifteen per cent for any municipality designated High196 Opportunity/Heating Market;

197 (2) Fifteen per cent for any municipality designated High198 Opportunity/Cooling Market;

199 (3) Ten per cent for any municipality designated Low200 Opportunity/Heating Market; and

201 (4) Five per cent for any municipality designated Low202 Opportunity/Cooling Market.

(i) Any qualifying transit-oriented community may establish a fundinto which the developer of a proposed development that is not allowed

as of right under subsection (f) of this section may contribute funds to qualify for such as-of-right approval. The amount and duration of such contributions shall be determined by the coordinator and any contribution agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be approved by the coordinator. Any municipality that establishes a fund pursuant to this subsection shall utilize the proceeds of such fund solely to develop affordable housing in the municipality.

212 (i) The coordinator shall determine any municipality's compliance 213 with the provisions of this section. The coordinator may consult with 214 the Commissioner of Housing to determine such compliance. Any 215 municipality that is not a qualifying rapid transit community or 216 qualifying bus transit community may be deemed a qualifying transit-217 oriented community if the coordinator determines that such 218 municipality has adopted a transit-oriented district that contains any 219 rapid transit station or regular bus service station and is of a reasonable 220 size on or before October 1, 2025.

221 (k) Each qualifying transit-oriented community shall be eligible for 222 additional funding pursuant to any program administered by the 223 coordinator if such community implements additional zoning criteria, 224 including, but not limited to, higher density development, greater 225 affordability of housing units than is required by subsection (h) of this 226 section, the development of public land or public housing, the 227 implementation of programs to encourage homeownership 228 opportunities within such community and any additional criteria 229 determined by the coordinator.

230 (l) No qualifying transit-oriented community shall adopt regulations 231 concerning any transit-oriented district that conflict with any guidelines 232 adopted by the coordinator concerning parking requirements, lot size, 233 lot coverage, setback requirements, floor area ratio, height restrictions, inclusionary zoning requirements, development impact fees or other 234 235 guidelines adopted by the coordinator concerning the development of 236 housing in any such district, unless the coordinator, in collaboration 237 with the qualifying transit-oriented community, approves such conflicting regulations based on local factors identified by suchcommunity.

(m) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section,
transit-oriented districts located in priority funding areas, as defined in
section 16a-35c of the general statutes, shall be awarded discretionary
infrastructure funding by the agency administering any such funding
on a priority basis upon the request of a qualifying transit-oriented
community.

Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is established an interagency council on housing development to advise and assist the State Responsible Growth Coordinator in reviewing regulations, developing guidelines and establishing programs to support the responsible growth of housing in the state.

251 (b) The council shall consist of the following regular members: (1) The 252 State Responsible Growth Coordinator; (2) the Secretary of the Office of 253 Policy and Management, or the secretary's designee; (3) the 254 Commissioner of Housing, or the commissioner's designee; (4) the 255 Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, or the 256 commissioner's designee; (5) the Commissioner of Energy and 257 Environmental Protection, or the commissioner's designee; (6) the 258 Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's designee; (7) the 259 Commissioner of Transportation, or the commissioner's designee; and 260 (8) the Chief Executive Officer of the Connecticut Housing Finance 261 Authority, or the chief executive officer's designee.

(c) In addition to the regular members set forth in subsection (b) of
this section, the council may consist of any ad hoc members that the
State Responsible Growth Coordinator determines would be necessary
to complete the work of the council.

266 (d) The chairperson of the council shall be the State Responsible267 Growth Coordinator.

268 (e) The council shall convene not later than July 1, 2024, and meet not

less than once every six months and more often upon the call of thechairperson, to:

(1) Review and evaluate the plans, programs, regulations and policies
of state or quasi-public agencies for opportunities to combine efforts and
resources of such agencies to increase housing development;

(2) Develop consistent reporting methods concerning data anddocumentation related to housing development;

(3) Provide a forum to develop approaches to housing growth that
balance both needs for conservation and development, including the
need for additional housing and economic growth, the protection of
natural resources and the maintenance and support for existing
infrastructure;

281 (4) Review existing discretionary grant programs to make 282 recommendations to state or quasi-public agencies concerning the 283 adherence of such programs with the goals established in the state plan 284 of conservation and development adopted under chapter 297 of the 285 general statutes. Such recommendations shall include, but need not be 286 limited to, methods to increase the development of deed-restricted 287 housing in transit-oriented districts and middle housing, as defined in 288 section 8-1a of the general statutes, as amended by this act;

(5) Develop recommendations for municipalities concerning zoning
and land use policies designed to increase housing in such
municipalities. Such recommendations may include model ordinances,
regulations or bylaws that may be adopted by any municipality
pursuant to section 8-2 of the general statutes; and

(6) Develop guidelines concerning the adoption and development of
transit-oriented districts, which shall include, but need not be limited to,
(A) prioritizing mixed-use and mixed-income developments, (B)
increasing the availability of affordable housing, (C) ensuring proper
environmental considerations in the development of such districts, with
an emphasis on the analysis of any potential impacts on environmental

justice communities, as defined in section 22a-20a of the general statutes,
(D) increasing ridership on mass transit systems, (E) increasing the
feasibility of walking, biking and utilizing other means of mobility other
than motor vehicle travel, (F) reducing the need for motor vehicle travel,
(G) maximizing developable land, (H) increasing the economic viability
of development projects, and (I) reducing the length of time necessary
to approve applications for development.

307 (f) Not later than October 1, 2025, the coordinator shall submit a 308 report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general 309 statutes, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly 310 having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development and 311 housing, concerning the recommendations and guidelines developed by 312 the coordinator pursuant to subdivisions (5) and (6) of subsection (e) of 313 this section and shall publish such recommendations and guidelines on 314 the Internet web site of the Office of Policy and Management.

(g) Not later than October 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, the
coordinator shall submit a report, in accordance with the provisions of
section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committees of
the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning
and development and housing, concerning the recommendations of the
council.

321 Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2024) There is established an 322 account to be known as the "public water and sewer rehabilitation or 323 expansion account" which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account 324 within the General Fund. The account shall contain any moneys 325 required by law to be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account 326 shall be expended by the State Responsible Growth Coordinator for the 327 purposes of rehabilitating or expanding public water and sewerage 328 infrastructure for any transit-oriented district established by a 329 municipality pursuant to section 2 of this act. Proceeds from such 330 account may be provided to any qualifying rapid transit community, a 331 bus transit community or any owner of real property in a development 332 approved for such funding at the discretion of the coordinator located

333 within a transit-oriented district.

Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2024*) The State Responsible Growth Coordinator may establish, within available appropriations, a program to provide grants to any regional council of governments for the development of projects related to public transit infrastructure, bicycle infrastructure or pedestrian infrastructure.

Sec. 6. Subsection (a) of section 8-169tt of the 2024 supplement to the
general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

342 (a) As used in this section, "housing growth zone" means (1) any area 343 within a municipality in which applicable zoning regulations adopted 344 pursuant to section 8-2 are designed to facilitate substantial 345 development of new dwelling units consistent with subsection (c) of this 346 section, or (2) any transit-oriented district established by a municipality 347 pursuant to section 2 of this act. Any housing growth zone shall 348 encompass an entire development district and may include areas 349 outside such district.

350 Sec. 7. Subsection (f) of section 8-20 of the general statutes is repealed 351 and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2024*):

352 (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, 353 of this section, the zoning commission or combined planning and 354 zoning commission, as applicable, of a municipality, by a two-thirds 355 vote, may initiate the process by which such municipality opts out of 356 the provisions of said subsections regarding the allowance of accessory 357 apartments, provided such commission: (1) First holds a public hearing 358 in accordance with the provisions of section 8-7d on such proposed opt-359 out, (2) affirmatively decides to opt out of the provisions of said 360 subsections within the period of time permitted under section 8-7d, (3) 361 states [upon its] in the records of such commission the reasons for such 362 decision, and (4) publishes notice of such decision in a newspaper 363 having a substantial circulation in the municipality not later than fifteen 364 days after such decision has been rendered. Thereafter, the

municipality's legislative body or, in a municipality where the legislative body is a town meeting, [its] <u>such municipality's</u> board of selectmen, by a two-thirds vote, may complete the process by which such municipality opts out of the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section, except that, on and after January 1, 2023, no municipality may opt out of the provisions of said subsections.

- 371 (g) Notwithstanding any prior action of the municipality to opt out
- 372 of the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section,
- 373 pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, any owner of real property
- 374 located within a transit-oriented district, as defined in section 2 of this
- act, who has owned real property in the municipality for not fewer than
- 376 three years may construct an accessory apartment as of right on such
- 377 <u>real property.</u>

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2024	8-1a(b)
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 3	from passage	New section
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	New section
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2024</i>	8-169tt(a)
Sec. 7	October 1, 2024	8-20(f)

Statement of Purpose:

To (1) provide financial incentives for municipalities that adopt certain transit-oriented development policies and to coordinate related state funds through the Office of Responsible Growth, (2) establish the interagency council on housing development, (3) direct the State Responsible Growth Coordinator to establish a fund for the expansion of water and sewerage infrastructure, (4) to allow the coordinator to provide additional funding for certain infrastructure projects, and (5) to include transit-oriented districts in the definition of housing growth zones.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]