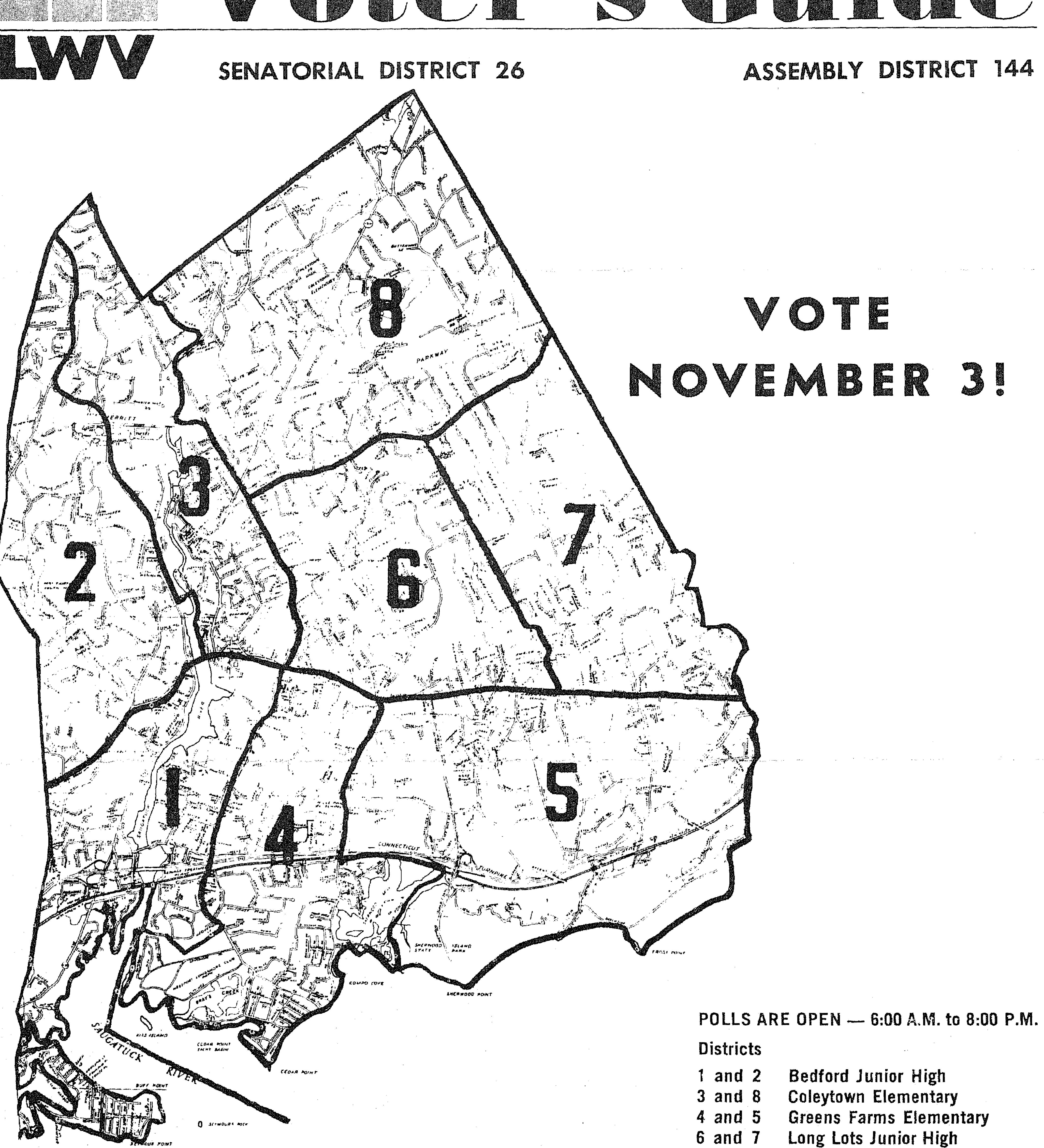
Westport

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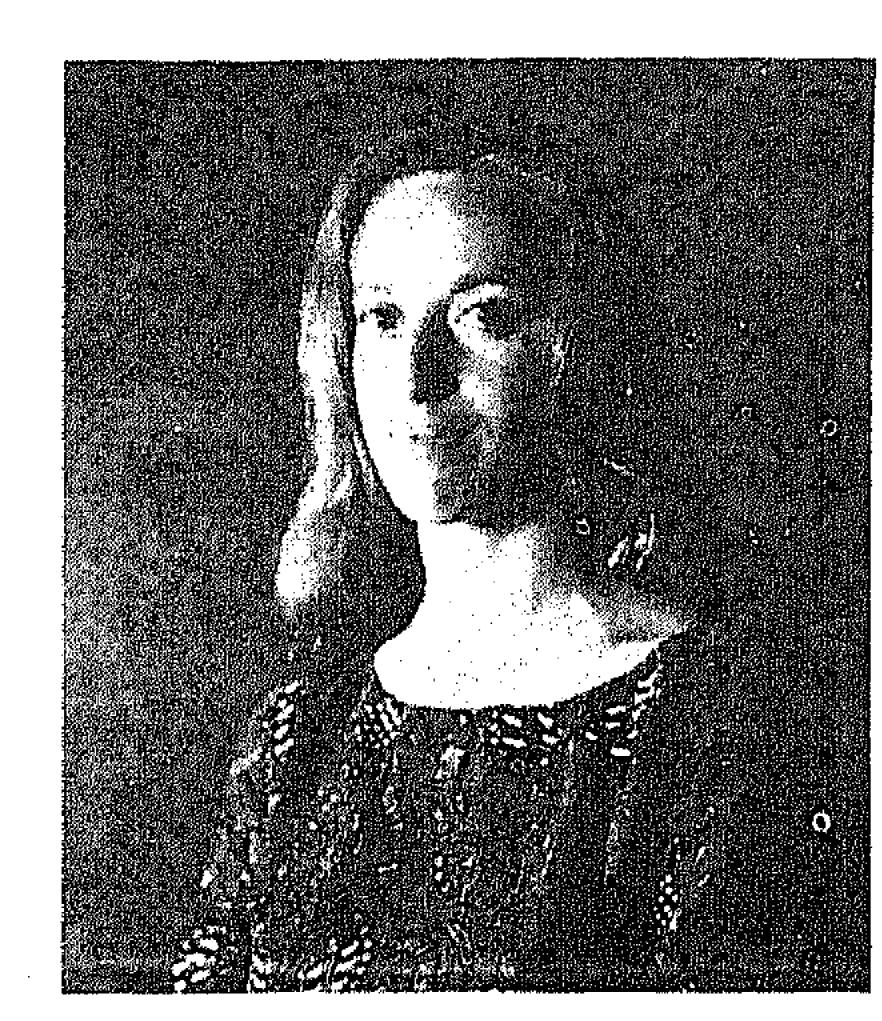
26th District

Darien, New Canaan, Weston, Westport, and Wilton

STATE SENATOR

SALARY: \$3250 plus \$750 for expenses

TERM OF OFFICE: 2 Years



NOEL ADERER

EDUCATION:

Attended New Canaan High School, graduated Thomas School, Rowayton Skidmore College, B.A. in sociology Now attending graduate school of Human Communications, Fairfield University

OCCUPATION:

Student

ADDITIONAL TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE

As a Peace Corps Volunteer, I taught secondary school and worked on a vocational guidance project in Kota Kinabalu, Sabah, Malaysia. I have worked and travelled throughout South East Asia, North Africa, Europe, and the Middle East, and, have engaged in such far ranging activities as teaching English to Japanese businessmen, training Indian polo ponies, and tending 40,000 chickens in Israel. Prior to my Peace Corps service. I worked as a program assistant for the Community Council of Greater New York. I also spent several summers as head counselor at The Foothills in Stowe, Vermont.

QUESTION:

Please choose three of the following areas in which you foresee the greatest need for legislative action:

Consumer Protection Crime Education Finance Housing Pollution Welfare Transportation

What action would you recommend?

DEMOCRATIC PARTY



EDWARD S. RIMER, JR.

Graduate: Columbia College, 1949; New York University School of Law, 1952

Attorney — Member of firm of Sibal, Hefferan and Rimer, with offices in Wilton and Norwalk, Con-

Incumbent, State Representative, 162nd Assembly District (Wilton-Weston), 1969-1970

Wilton Town Counsel, June 1, 1962 to Nov. 1, 1966 Member of Wilton Charter Revision Commission

Responsible Financing Increased return of federal revenues in fairer proportion to Connecticut's per capita income. Federal administration of the entire welfare system, with welfare increases paralleling the rise in the cost of living. Reduction of the sales tax on essential items. Supplementary assistance to municipalities. Reduction of the corporate franchise tax to encourage new industry. Support of the revenue

Environmental Protection Tax breaks to encourage industrial initiative in antipollution measures. Regionalized incineration, using already existing facilities with modernized equipment. State bonding to aid construction of housing which our local employees can readily afford.

task force recommendations to the legislature.

Improved Transportation Extensive railway improvements and adequate maintenance. A change in the character of the Public Utilities Commission to make it responsive to commuter interests.

Taxation and Finance Every effort must be made to correct the mismanagement of the fiscal affairs of our state government. Borrowing for current expenditures must be abolished. Careful examination of the expense of all government programs, as well as an overhaul of both our state and local taxing programs is essential. The ability of taxpayers to pay must be balanced against the need for government programs.

Welfare Our present state welfare program is a disgrace. It discourages family unity and responsibility, erodes self-respect, stifles work motivation, and has led to rising costs and increased welfare rolls in times of prosperity. I strongly endorse President Nixon's Family Assistance Plan to end the cycle of welfare dependency. Its four fundamental principles are: 1) Strong incentives to encourage work and training; 2) Equity to provide assistance to working poor families; 3) Respect for individual choice and family responsibility; and, 4) Administrative efficiency to earn the trust of the taxpayer.

Consumer Protection I support the reorganization and strengthening of the Department of Consumer Protection, especially its service and repair sections. Publication of our existing consumer protection laws in handy reference form should be provided, so that Connecticut shoppers will be well informed of their rights and privileges. The "truth in lending law" should be updated to eliminate some of its inequities.

144th Assembly District

Westport's RTM Districts 2, 3, 6, and 8

STATE REPRESENTATIVE

SALARY: \$3250 plus \$750 for expenses

TERM OF OFFICE: 2 Years

EDUCATION:

OCCUPATION:

QUESTION:

ADDITIONAL TRAINING

Please choose three of

the following areas in

which you foresee the

Consumer Protection

greatest need for

legislative action:

Education

Finance

Housing

Pollution

Transportation

What action would

you recommend?

Welfare

AND EXPERIENCE

DEMOCRATIC PARTY



BRENDA BRODY

Born in New York, 1938 Attended Queens College, Jan. 1954 - June 1955

Professional writer and political researcher

several political campaigns (as a press aide to Senator Robert Kennedy in 1966, most recently as campaign coordinator for John W. Kiermaier).

I consider it imperative that we send full-time legislators to Hartford, and that those legislators be willing and able to spend the necessary time on state problems. They must study in depth, with an objective and analytical viewpoint, not only the problems in the legislature itself, but those in all of Connecticut. I have the time to do the job.

The basic area in which legislative change in Connecticut must begin is that of the Legislature itself. We must first recognize that our 18th century legislative mechanism is unable to cope with our 20th century difficulties before we can begin to cope with those difficulties themselves. Meeting for six months in every twenty-four month period, the Legislature cannot do more than begin to deal with the sophisticated concepts of living in the 1970's and '80's.

There is an additional three-month session, in alternate years and dealing with fiscal matters, proposed on your ballots in referendum form this year. This is only a first, tentative step toward reform. This year, when the nation's economy was faltering, the Legislature of Conn. was not in session. We were tied to a budget and thinking geared to the expanding economy of the previous year. Suddenly the problems of unemployment, swelling welfare rolls and the housing crisis became even more critical. And Connecticut's income, which had been hopefully anticipated by the Legislature a year and a half earlier (to come from tax receipts), dropped sharply.

The need for taking legislative action in Connecticut towards solving state-wide problems transcends individual issues. Our difficulties are integrally tied together. (We can't solve the housing crisis without considering transportation, employment, pollution, jobtraining, etc.) The two-century-old tradition of attempting partial, expedient legislative action to try to deal with complex and interrelated issues, unfortunately supplies only limited and temporary solutions. We must have full-time legislators working in a full-time Legislature, if we are to seriously attempt to solve the problems of the last thirty years.

REPUBLICAN PARTY



ALAN H. NEVAS

Stamford High School, 1945 Syracuse University, B.A., 1949 New York University Law School, L.L.B., 1951

Attorney

Member of League of Women Voters. On Board of I have been a member of the Westport Board of Governors, Westport Historical Society. Active in Finance since 1963 and Chairman since 1967. As a result, I have become very familiar with the fiscal problems of Westport and other Connecticut small towns. I am also a Director of the Westport National Bank. This experience has given me a further understanding of tax, fiscal and money problems. I am a native of Fairfield County, having grown up in Stamford. I have lived in Westport since my discharge from the Army in 1954.

> Crime I would support a bill that would permit wire tapping in the investigation of crimes involving narcotics provided it contained stringent conditions on its use. I would support the creation of a Department of Public Protection under a full time Attorney General, which would supervise, coordinate and assist all state and local prosecutors in the prosecution of criminal cases. Connecticut should also have a State Investigation Commission similar to New York City which would have the power of subpoena, be bipartisan, have adequate staff and the power to grant witnesses immunity.

> Finance Connecticut faces a deficit of over \$200,-000,000 in the current biennium. Cuts in spending are one way of attacking the problem. There should be a cut back in the hiring of new state employees, giving present employees higher pay and more responsibility. When vacancies in state jobs exist, they should not be filled except where necessary. Overtime pay should be reduced, and a tight rein should be kept on fees for contractual services and outside consultants. We should have an automatic special session of the General Assembly when a \$25,000,000 deficit is reached during the biennium, monthly reports from the State Comptroller to the General Assembly on the State's fiscal condition, and a prohibition against the use of bond revenues to finance current expenses.

> Pollution In 1967 Connecticut adopted a "clean water" act which is not being strictly enforced. The State should be more aggressive in attacking the major polluters of our air, e.g. cities of New Haven, Hartford, New Britain, New London and Norwalk. More stringent regulations must be adopted by the State Air Pollution Control Commission. Those that have been adopted must be enforced, regardless of the offender.

Sheriff of Fairfield County

DEMOCRAT

Harvey Goslee, Wilton

REPUBLICAN
John Previdi, Danbury

Salary: \$13,500

Term of office: 4 years from July 1, 1971 to June 30, 1975.

Vote for 1 candidate. Only 1 will be elected.

Established in 1666, this office is the last vestige of the County system. Its powers as spelled out in 51 General Statutes, include maintaining decorum in all trial courts, transportation of all prisoners to and from court, protection of juries; as well as enforcing the sanding of icy walks and the removal of deceased horses, cows, and abandoned cars. The Sheriff appoints 45 deputies and 20 special deputies to assist with serving 800,000 residents of Fairfield County.

Justices of the Peace

Salary: None, although reasonable fees may be charged for their services.

Vote for 10 Democrats or 10 Republicans. All 20 will be elected.

The powers of the Justices of the Peace are limited. They include performing marriages, administering oaths, and issuing certain legal papers.

DEMOCRATS

- 1. Denise T. Davidoff
- 2. Edward C. Delafield, Jr.
- 3. Mary Cecilia Dodge
- 4. Paul Fink
- 5. Richard Goldhurst
- 6. Albert J. Kelley
- 7. Frederic P. Kimball
- 8. Herbert S. Meyers
- 9. Kristin Norling
- 10. Ruth Solway

REPUBLICANS

- 1. Stanley P. Atwood
- 2. Virginia Boyd
- 3. Hamilton Brosius
- 4. Edwin K. Dimes
- 5. Arnold R. Fasano
- 6. Sanford G. Lunt
- 7. Clifford W. Mills
- 8. Edward W. Robotham
- 9. Vincent S. Tirola
- 10. Donald Tedesco

Registrars of Voters

DEMOCRAT

REPUBLICAN

Thelma Ezzes

Florence Ethel Cashow

Salary: \$2000 until January 1, 1971 when it will be increased to \$2300.

Term of office: 2 years.

Vote for 1 candidate. Both will be elected.

The Registrars swear in new voters, subject to the approval of the Board of Admissions each month. They also appoint election workers in cooperation with their Town Committees. They are responsible for checking the voting lists and for counting votes on election day.

Judge of Probate

for Westport-Weston

DEMOCRAT

Mark A. Weinstein

REPUBLICAN
Robert M. Anstett

Salary: Fee basis as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes.

Term of office: 4 years.

Vote for 1 candidate. Only 1 will be elected.

This office is under the jurisdiction of the State of Connecticut. The duties involve the following matters: probating the estates of deceased persons, legalization of adoptions and impounding of such records, appointment of guardians for minors, employment of conservators for incapable persons, commitment of mentally ill persons.